



PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Docket No: Q61219

Yuji ISODA

Appln. No.: 09/777,682

Group Art Unit: 2878

Confirmation No.: 3337

Examiner: Lee, Shun K.

Filed: February 7, 2001

For: RADIO-CONDUCTIVE MATERIAL, METHOD OF MANUFACTURING THE SAME,
SOLID SENSOR USING THE SAME, METHOD OF MANUFACTURING RADIO-
CONDUCTIVE FILM, AND RADIATION IMAGE READ-OUT APPARATUS

SUPPLEMENTAL AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111

Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Further supplementing the Amendment filed February 26, 2003, in response to the Office
Action dated September 27, 2002, please further amend the above-identified application as
follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Pages 3 and 4, please delete the bridging paragraph and replace with the following:

However the inorganic/organic composite materials are disadvantageous in that
dispersion of the inorganic material (inorganic fine particles) in the organic material is apt to be
deteriorated. That is, since the inorganic/organic radio-conductive materials are generally
manufactured by so-called "melt deposition process" in which organic material 81 is melted on a
substrate 83 (Figure 8) heated by a hot plate 82, inorganic particles are added to the molten
organic material 81, and the mixture is stirred by, for instance, a spatula to form a film, it is